

Chemi FP Chemiluminescent HRP Substrate

CAT# WBS-FP-20, 20 ml Sufficient for 200 cm²

CAT# WBS-FP-100, 100 ml Sufficient for 1000 cm²

Warning: For research use only

Kit Components

Chemi FP is provided as two components

- · Chemi FP
- · Chemi FP Peroxide

Storage Information

The Chemi FP reagents are stable at room temperature (4°C-25°C) for at least one year.

Warnings & Precautions

- · Chemi FP is for research use only.
- Always wear gloves when handling membranes and reagents.
- Refer to MSDS for additional safety information.
- The product is guaranteed to be free of manufacturer defects, and to function as described when the provided protocol is followed by properly trained personnel.

Short Protocol

- 1. Prepare your protein blot.
- 2. Block the membrane for one hour at room temperature (RT).
- 3. Incubate the blot with a primary antibody for one hour at RT with gentle agitation.
- 4. Wash blot:
 - 1 x quickly
 - 1 x 15 min, with 0.7 ml/cm² membrane
 - 3 x 5 min, with at least 0.3 ml/cm² membrane each time
- 5. Incubate the blot with a secondary antibody for one hour at RT with gentle agitation.
- 6. Wash blot:
 - 3 x 5 min, with at least 0.3 ml/cm² membrane each time
- 7. Mix Chemi FP components 1:1 in sufficient amounts to obtain 0.1 ml/cm² of your membrane and place on the blot for 2 minutes.
- 8. Drain excess reagent.
- Image the blot by CCD camera or cover with plastic wrap and expose to X-ray film

Troubleshooting & FAQ

Western blotting can require substantial optimization due to the multiple steps involved. The correct amount of protein to load on the gel and the best dilutions of primary and secondary antibodies must be determined empirically. Some common questions are addressed below:

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE SOLUTION
High background	Reduce primary antibody concentration by increasing the dilution factor. Try a different blocking buffer. Try a shorter exposure time. Increase washing time and/or number of washing steps.
No or low signal	Check that correct primary antibody used. Check that secondary antibody recognizes primary (for example if the primary is a rabbit antibody, that the secondary is goat-anti-rabbit).
White spots within bands	Improve transfer, making sure to remove any bubbles between the gel and the membrane
Speckled background	Filter blocking and washing buffers. Ensure that the laboratory environment is clean, to minimize dust, debris or any other particles that might come in contact with the blot. Cover tray during incubation and washing steps. Use non-powdered gloves, or switch to a different kind of gloves. We recommend powder-free nitrile gloves or polyethylene gloves. Filter secondary antibody.

